# Adoption and Special Guardianship Quarterly Data Collection

Headline Measures: Q1 2025/26

# September 2025

Note: The Department for Education's annual figures on adoptions and timeliness for children who have been adopted are published in the <u>Children looked after in England including adoption</u> SFR. This is the most robust source of information on adoption.

#### **CHILDREN**

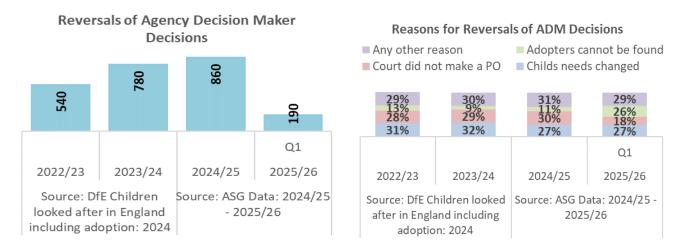
In Q1 2025/26 (30 June 2025) the number of ADM decisions for adoption, Placement Orders, Adoption Orders and Special Guardianship Orders all decreased when compared to last quarter. More children were matched, and less placed with an adoptive family, and the number of children waiting with a PO and waiting longer continued to increase.

# In Q1 2025/26 there were:

- **880** Agency Decision Maker decisions, a decrease of **6%** (*60n*) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **13%** (*130n*) when compared to Q1 2024/25
- **700** Placement Orders granted, a decrease of **9%** (**70n**) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **15%** (**120n**) when compared to Q1 2024/25



- 190 ADM reversals, 22% of the total for 2024/25
- **27**% of reversals were due to 'Child's needs changed', **18**% 'Court did not make a PO', **26**% 'Adopters cannot be found', and **29**% were due to 'Any other reason'

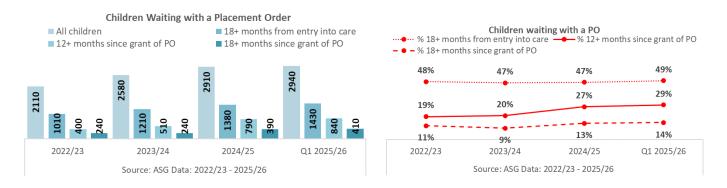


The numbers of Adoption Orders and Special Guardianship Orders granted both decreased when compared to the last quarter.

- **660** Adoption Orders granted, a decrease of **8% (60n)** from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **20% (170n)** when compared to Q1 2024/25
- **940** Special Guardianship Orders granted, a decrease of **6%** *(60n)* from Q4 2024/25, and an increase of **10%** *(100n)* when compared to Q1 2024/25
- **1600** total permanence orders granted (AOs & SGOs), a decrease of **7% (120n)** from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **14% (270n)** when compared to Q1 2024/25
- SGOs accounted for 59% of all permanence, a decrease of 1 percentage point when compared to 2024/25
- 110 children were placed in an FFA/CP arrangement, 21% of the total for 2024/25



The number of children waiting with a Placement Order has increased.



# In Q1 2025/26 there were:

- 2940 children with a PO waiting to be placed, an increase of 1% (30n) from 2024/25
- 1430 children with a PO waiting to be placed 18+ months since entering care, an increase of 4% (50n) from 2024/25
- 49% of children with a PO have been waiting to be placed 18+ months since entering care
- 840 children with a PO waiting to be matched 12+ months since grant of PO, an increase of 6% (50n) from 2024/25
- 29 % of children with a PO have been waiting to be matched 12+ months since grant of PO
- 410 children with a PO waiting to be matched 18+ months since grant of PO, an increase of 5% (20n) from 2024/25
- 14% of children with a PO have been waiting to be matched 18+ months since grant of PO

The number of children matched increase, and the number placed with an adoptive family decreased this quarter.

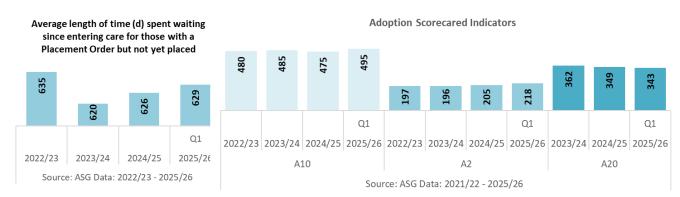


- 650 children matched with an adoptive family, an increase of 3% (20n) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of 4% (30n) when compared to Q1 2024/25
- **630** children placed with an adoptive family, a decrease of **5% (30n)** from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **13% (90n)** when compared to Q1 2024/25

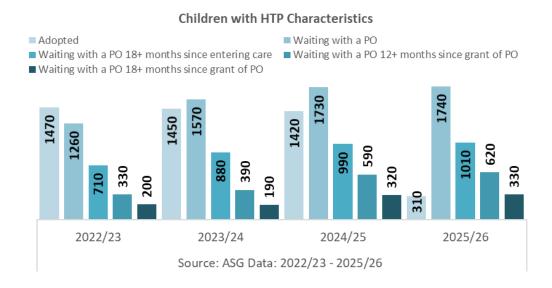
Timeliness has slowed for most children.

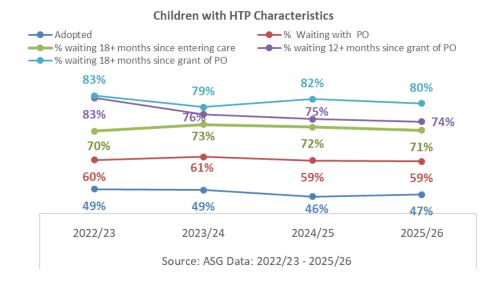
# In Q1 2024/25:

- The average number of days spent waiting to be placed with Placement Order since entering care was **629 days**, an increase of **3 days** from 2024/25
- Scorecard Indicator A10 (average number of days between a child entering care and moving in with its adoptive family adjusted for foster care adoptions) was **495 days**, an increase of **20 days** from 2024/25
- Scorecard Indicator A2 (average time between an LA receiving court authority to place a child and deciding on a match to an adoptive family) was **218 days**, an increase of **13 days** from 2024/25
- Scorecard Indicator A20 (average time between a child entering care and an LA receiving court authority to place a child) was **343** days, a decrease of **6 days** from 2024/25



- **310** children with HTP characteristics adopted, **47%** of all children adopted
- 1740 children with HTP characteristics waiting with a PO, 59% of all children waiting with a PO
- **1010** children with HTP characteristics waiting with a PO 18+ months since entering care, **71%** of all children waiting with a PO
- **620** children with HTP characteristics waiting 12+ months since grant of PO, **74%** of all children waiting 12+ months since grant of PO
- **330** children with HTP characteristics waiting 18+ months since grant of PO, **80%** of all children waiting 18+ months since grant of PO





The charts below give a breakdown of the number of children waiting with a PO, and adopted by characteristics.



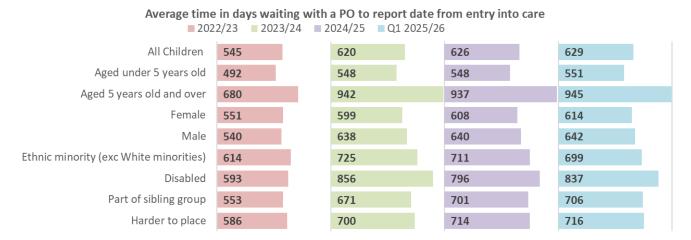
# In Q1 2024/25:

- Children who were aged under 5, female and not from an Ethnic Minority (excludes White minorities) background continue to be more likely to be adopted and less likely to be waiting with a PO
- Children aged over 5, male, from an Ethnic Minority (excludes White minorities) background, with a disability and in a sibling group continue to be more likely to be waiting with a PO and less likely to be adopted

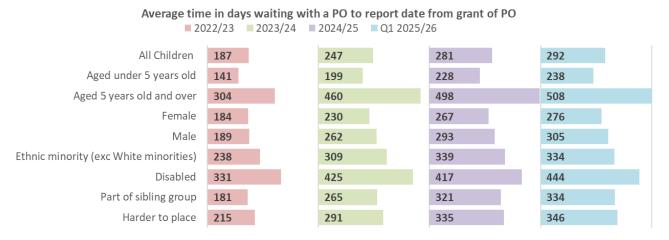
NB: "Harder to place" is defined as a child who is any of the following: 5 years or over, with an Ethnic Minority (excludes White minorities) background, disabled, or part of a sibling group. Children with more than one harder to place characteristic will be counted in each characteristic.

#### CHILDREN'S TIMELINESS BY CHARACTERISTIC

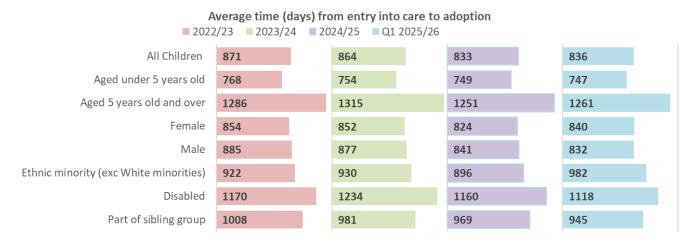
In Q1 2025/26, the average time from entry into care to waiting with a PO for all children was **629** days, **3** days longer than 2024/25. Children aged 5 year and over waited the longest; **945** days, followed by children with a disability: **837** days, and children in a sibling group: **706** days.



The average time from grant of PO and waiting for all children was **292** days, **11** days longer than 2024/25. Children aged 5 year and over waited the longest since grant of PO; **508** days, followed by children with a disability: **444** days, and Ethnic Minority children and children in a sibling group: **334** days.



The average time from entry into care to adoption for all children was **836** days, **3** days longer than 2024/25. Children aged 5 year and over had the longest journey to adoption; **1261** days, followed by children with a disability: **1118** days, and ethnic minority children: **982** days.

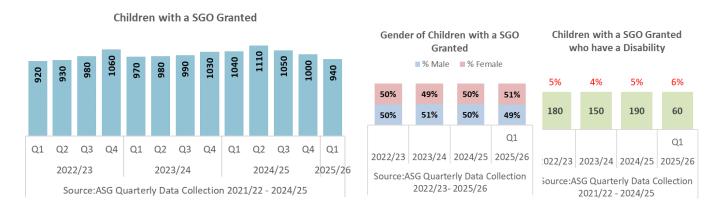


#### **SPECIAL GUARDIANSHIP ORDERS**

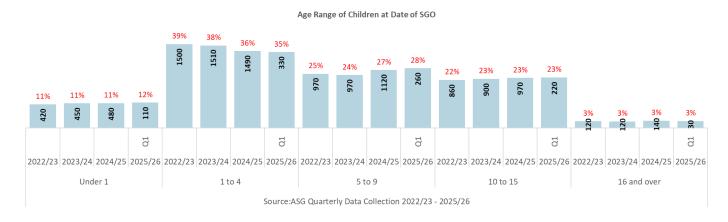
The number of Special Guardianship Orders granted In Q1 2025/26 declined when compared to the last quarter. More children are still leaving care with via a SGO than an adoption order, with SGOs accounting for **59%** of all permanence.

In Q1 2024/25, there were:

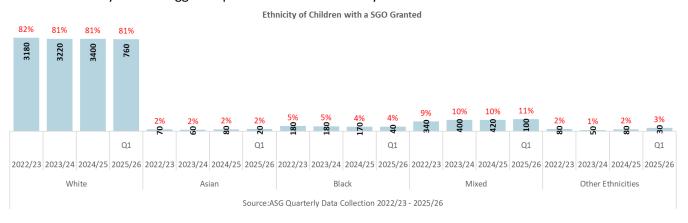
- 940 SGOs granted, a decrease of 6% (60n) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of 10% (100n) when compared to Q1 2024/25
- **51%** of the children were male, **49%** female, **6%** had a disability, **19%** were from an Ethnic Minority (excluding White minorities), and **43%** were in a sibling group



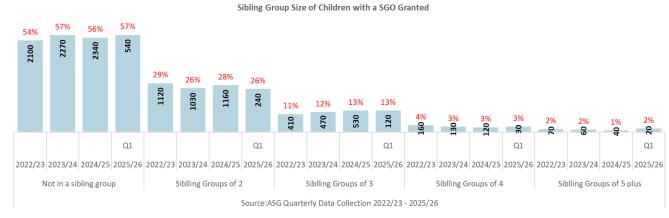
Children aged 1 to 4 are the largest group of children who leave care with an SGO (35%), followed by children aged 5 to 9 (28%)



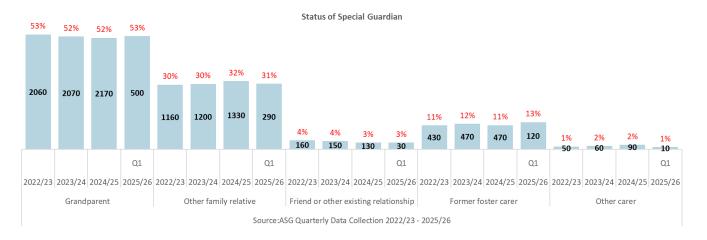
 19% of SGOs were granted for children from an Ethnic Minority (excludes White minorities, with children with a Mixed Ethnicity are the biggest represented Ethnic Minority



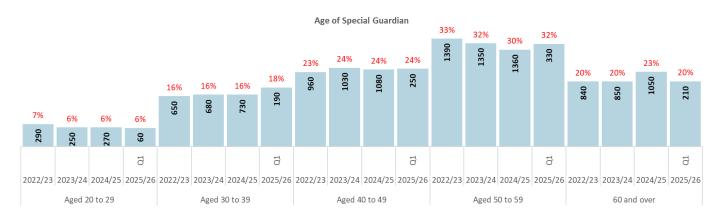
- Children not in a sibling group continue to be the largest group of children who leave care with an SGO (57%), followed by children in a sibling group of 2 (26%)



Grandparents are the largest represented group of Special Guardians, with **53%** of SGOs granted to grandparents, followed by other family relatives **(31%)** 



- Special Guardians aged 50 to 59 are the largest represented age group (32%), followed by and special guardians aged 40 to 49 (24%)

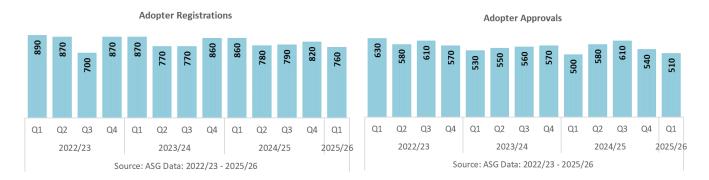


#### **ADOPTERS**

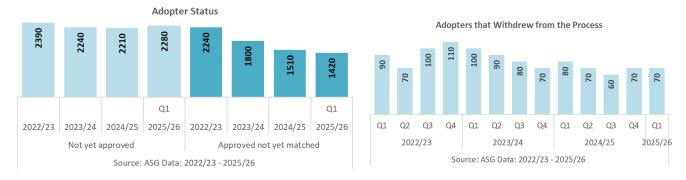
Adopter recruitment continues to decline, reducing the number of available approved adoptive families to be matched with the children waiting with a PO.

# In Q1 2025/26 there were:

- 760 Registrations, a decrease of 7% (60n) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of 12% (100n) when compared to Q1 2024/25
- 510 Approvals, a decrease of 6% (30n) from Q4 2024/25, and an increase of 2% (10n) when compared to Q1 2024/25

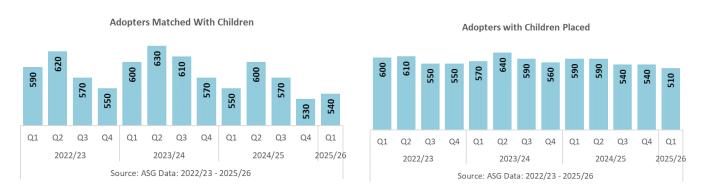


- 2280 Prospective adoptive families not yet approved, an increase of 3% (70n) from 2024/25
- 1420 Approved adoptive families waiting to be matched, a decrease of 6% (90n) from 2024/25
- 70 approved adopters withdrew from the process after approval, 27% of the total for 2024/25



The number of adopters being matched with a child, and having a child placed with them were lower this quarter.

- **540** Adoptive families matched to children, an increase of **2%** (**10n**) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of **2%** (**10n**) when compared to Q1 2024/25
- 510 Adoptive families with a child placed, a decrease of 6% (30n) from Q4 2024/25, and a decrease of 14% (80n) when compared to Q1 2024



Timeliness for adoptive family approvals has slowed, while timeliness for adopter matches has improved.

# In Q1 2024/25:

- **22%** of adoptive families were approved within 6 months of registration, a decrease of **2** percentage point when compared to 2024/25
- **20%** of approved adoptive families had a child matched with them within 3 months of approval, a decrease of **3** percentage points when compared to 2024/25



There has been a decline in the proportion of VAA placements from 16% in 2024/245 to 11% in Q1 2024/25.

# In Q1 2024/25:

- 81% of placements were provided by LAs themselves (via their RAAs)
- **6%** of placements were provided by other LAs (other RAAs)
- 11% of placements were provided by VAAs
- 2% of placements were provided by agencies outside England

NB: Percentages may not add due to rounding of numbers

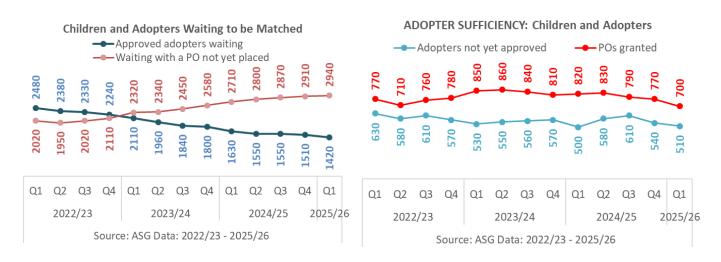
# **SUFFICIENCY OF ADOPTERS**

Adopter Recruitment is declining, reducing the number of approved adopters available for the children waiting with a PO. This quarter there has been a decrease in adopter registrations, approvals, adopters approved and waiting, and an increase in the number of prospective adopters not yet approved.



Adopter sufficiency continues to decline, with more children waiting with a PO to be placed with a family than approved adopters waiting. There are more POs granted each quarter than adopters approved, resulting in a higher number of children reaching the matching stage compared to adopters.

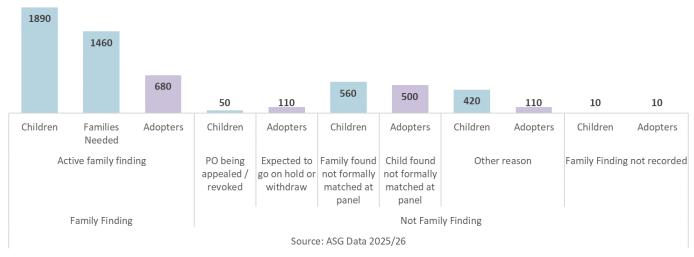
- **2940** children waiting with a PO not yet placed, and **1420** approved adopters waiting for a child to be placed; a gap of **1520**
- **700** POs granted, and **510** adopter approvals; a gap of **190**



Comparison of the family finding status for all children and all adopters waiting show that there are:

- 1890 children with active family finding
- **1460** adopter families need *number of single children and sibling groups waiting to be placed with family finding)*
- 680 adopter families with active family finding
- **780** shortfall of adopter families





# **DATA SOURCES**

# **ASG Quarterly Data Collection**

In quarter 1 2025/26 the response rate from local authorities for the child level section was 100%, and the adopter level sections was 100%. The response rate for the adopter level section from Voluntary Adoption Agencies was 100%. Therefore, national and regional figures on adoptions and adopters do not include estimates made for non-responses.

# SSDA 903 Data Collection

Local authorities provide data on their looked after children using the SSDA903 collection. Data are collected from all local authorities. The information is collected at child level and includes information about the child's characteristics and their dates for each stage of the care process, including adoption. The data goes through thorough quality assurance and local authorities are able to update their historic data annually. We therefore view this as the most robust source of information on adoption. It is used to produce the <a href="Children looked after in England including adoption">Children looked after in England including adoption</a> (SFR). The most recent data covers the year ending 31 March 2023.

# **ABOUT THIS PUBLICATION**

This publication was produced by The Children and Social Care Secretariat, delivered by Coram-i on behalf of the Department for Education.

download: ASG Quarterly Data

email: asglb@coram.org.uk

write: Coram, Coram Campus, 41 Brunswick Square, London WC1N 1AZ